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Conformity assessment – Principles

Conformity assessment:

"demonstration that specified requirements relating to a product, process, system, person or body are fulfilled"

(EN ISO/IEC 17000:2004)

Functions: - selection

- determination

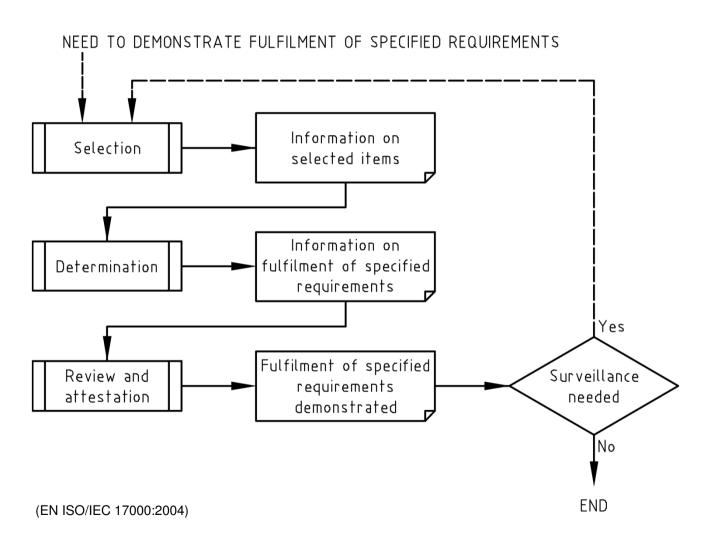
- review and attestation

- surveillance (if applicable)





Conformity assessment – Principles







Testing:

"determination of one or more characteristics of an object of conformity assessment, according to a procedure"

(EN ISO/IEC 17000:2004)

EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005

"General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories"





Calibration:

"operation that, under specified conditions, in a first step, establishes a relation between the **quantity values** with **measurement uncertainties** provided by **measurement standards** and corresponding **indications** with associated measurement uncertainties and, in a second step, uses this information to establish a relation for obtaining a **measurement result** from an indication"

(VIM – International vocabulary of metrology, 2012)





Inspection:

"examination of a product design, product, process or installation and determination of its conformity with specific requirements or, on the basis of **professional judgement**, with general requirements"

(EN ISO/IEC 17000:2004)

EN ISO/IEC 17020:2012

"Conformity assessment – Requirements for the operation of various types of bodies performing inspection"





Certification:

"third-party attestation related to products, processes, systems or persons"

(EN ISO/IEC 17000:2004)

- selection, determination
- review: verification of the suitability, adequacy and effectiveness
- attestation: issue of a statement, based on a decision





EN ISO/IEC 17021:2011

"Conformity assessment – Requirements for bodies providing audit and certification of **management systems**"

EN ISO/IEC 17065:2012

"Conformity assessment – Requirements for bodies certifying **products**, processes and services"

EN ISO/IEC 17024:2012

"Conformity assessment – General requirements for bodies operating certification of **persons**"





Conformity assessment – Activities

First-party conformity assessment activity is performed by the person or organization that **provides the object**.

Second-party conformity assessment activity is performed by a person or organization that has a **user interest** in the object.

Third-party conformity assessment activity is performed by a person or body that is **independent** of the person or organization that provides the object and of user interests in that object.





Vocabulary and general principles EN ISO/IEC 17000 (2004)

Requirements for accreditation bodies EN ISO/IEC 17011 (2004) / -2 (2005) Requirements for mutual recognition proficiency testing Supplier's declaration of conformity 17043 (2010) 17040 (2005) Require-Require-Requirements for certification (2010)ments for ments for bodies testing inspection 17050-1 bodies and EN ISO/IEC EN ISO/IEC Requirements for **Products** Persons Managecalibration ment laborasystems EN ISO/IEC tories ΕN ΕN ΕN ΕN EN ISO/IEC ISO/IEC ISO/IEC ISO/IEC ISO/IEC 17021 17065 17024 17025 17020 (2011)(2012)(2012)(2012)(2005)





25.5.2012

EN

Official Journal of the European Union

C 149/1

IV

(Notices)

NOTICES FROM EUROPEAN UNION INSTITUTIONS, BODIES, OFFICES AND AGENCIES

EUROPEAN COMMISSION

Commission communication in the framework of the implementation of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008, Decision No 768/2008/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008, Regulation (EC) No 1221/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2009

(Text with EEA relevance)

(Publication of titles and references of harmonised standards under the directive)

(2012/C 149/01)





Conformity assessment

Preconditions:

- specified requirements for objects
- determined objects of conformity assessment
- selected type of conformity assessment
- responsibility for the results of conformity assessment

Effectiveness:

- confidence in results of conformity assessment bodies
- reduction of technical barriers to trade
- level of protection of public interests





Conformity assessment – EU Legislation

L 218/30

EN

Official Journal of the European Union

13.8.2008

REGULATION (EC) No 765/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

of 9 July 2008

setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 339/93

- overall system to assess and ensure conformity with the applicable requirements
- CE marking





Conformity assessment – EU Legislation

L 218/30

EN

Official Journal of the European Union

13.8.2008

REGULATION (EC) No 765/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 9 July 2008

setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 339/93

- selection of conformity assessment bodies can be provided for implementation of harmonisation legislation
- accreditation as preferred means of demonstrating the technical competence of conformity assessment bodies
- no distinction between the regulated or the nonregulated area by system of accreditation





Conformity assessment – EU Legislation

DECISION No 768/2008/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL
of 9 July 2008

on a common framework for the marketing of products, and repealing Council Decision 93/465/EEC

- system of conformity assessment, approvals, mutual recognition, surveillance throughout the Community
- common principles to apply across sectoral legislation
- requirements for notification procedures







Vienna Agreement (1991, actual version 2001)

Agreement on Technical Co-operation between ISO and CEN



Dresden Agreement (1991, actual version 1996)
IEC – CENELEC Agreement on Common planning of new work and parallel voting





Co-operation between ISO/IEC and CEN/CENELEC:

- primacy of international standards
- particular needs e.g. of the Single European Market
- collaborative development of standards under lead by ISO/IEC or CEN/CENELEC
- approval of documents developed within one body simultaneously by the other





Co-operation between ISO/IEC and CEN/CENELEC:

- coherence of results
- avoidance of duplication of work, synchronised processes, simultaneous publication
- when expected results are not attained, the party which is not satisfied can decide to proceed separately
- ISO/IEC recognise that CEN/CENELEC operate within and must respect a political environment





CEN/CLC/TC 1 Criteria for conformity assessment bodies

- development of particular European Standards only if
 - no international need
 - International Standards conflict with EU requirements
- participation in ISO/CASCO work, decision on endorsement of International Standards
- legal provision set by European authorities respecting technical requirements of International Standards
- specific TC 1 Task Forces to align particular sets of rules